## Test 2 Review, MATH 1580.001 (Survey of Mathematics With Applications)

Name (L, F): $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

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SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
Solve the problem.

1) Which of the following are measures of dispersion: class mark, correlation coefficient,
2) critical value, mean, median, midpoint, midrange, mode, range, standard deviation, z- score.

Tell what possible misuses or misinterpretations may exist for the following statement.
2) More people drown at ocean beaches each year than at lake beaches. Therefore, ocean beaches are more dangerous.
2) $\qquad$
3) Sports cars have higher maximum speeds than passenger cars. Thus, sports cars are not as
3) $\qquad$ safe as passenger cars.

## Solve the problem.

4) The distribution of weights of students at a high school has a mean of 143 lb , a median of
5) $\qquad$ 145 lb , and modes at 128 lb and 158 lb . State whether you think the distribution of weights is normal, rectangular, j - shaped, or bi- modal. Explain your answer.
6) Which of the following is not a rule for data grouped by classes:
7) $\qquad$
1. The classes should not overlap.
2. Each piece of data should belong to only one class.
3. There should be no gaps between classes.
4. Classes should have the same width.

Tell what possible misuses or misinterpretations may exist for the following statement.
6) Individuals pay more of their income in taxes than on any other expense category. This proves that people enjoy paying taxes.
7) More adults than teenagers are involved in automobile accidents each year. Therefore,
6) $\qquad$
7) $\qquad$

## MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

Solve the problem.
8) A single die is rolled one time. Find the probability of rolling a number greater than 2 or less than 6.
A) $\frac{1}{3}$
B) $\frac{1}{4}$
C) $\frac{1}{6}$
D) 1
9) Use a tree diagram showing all possible results when a die is rolled twice to list the ways of getting $\qquad$ the sum of the numbers showing equal to 5 .
A) $(2,3),(4,1)$
B) $(2,3),(3,2)$
C) $(1,4),(2,3),(3,2),(4,1)$
D) $(3,2),(4,1)$

## Answer the question.

10) A a single card is chosen at random from a deck of 52 cards, the probability that a face card ( Jack ,
11) 

Queen, King) is selected is $\frac{3}{13}$. Does this probability mean that, if you choose a card at random 13
times, a face card will appear 3 times? If not, what does it mean?
A) Yes.
B) No, it means that if a card was chosen at random from a deck of 52 cards exactly 52 times, exactly 12 outcomes would be face cards.
C) No, a probability of $\frac{3}{13}$ tells us nothing.
D) No, it means that if a card was chosen at random from a deck of 52 cards many times, about $\frac{3}{13}$ of the outcomes would be face cards.

An order of award presentations has been devised for seven people: Jeff, Karen, Lyle, Maria, Norm, Olivia, and Paul.
11) In how many ways can the people be presented?
A) 720
B) 49
C) 2,520
D) 5,040
11) $\qquad$

## Solve the problem.

12) If the probability that an identified hurricane will make a direct hit on a certain stretch of beach is 0.04 , what are the odds against a direct hit?
A) 1 to 25
B) 24 to 1
C) 25 to 1
D) 23 to 1
13) The odds in favor of a horse winning a race are posted as $6: 5$. Find the probability that the horse will lose the race.
A) $\frac{5}{6}$
B) $\frac{6}{11}$
C) $\frac{5}{13}$
D) $\frac{5}{11}$

## Find the probability.

14) You are dealt two cards successively (without replacement) from a shuffled deck of 52 playing
15) cards. Find the probability that the first card is a king and the second card is a queen.
A) $\frac{2}{13}$
B) $\frac{13}{102}$
C) $\frac{4}{663}$
D) $\frac{1}{663}$
16) In one town, $43 \%$ of all voters are Democrats. If two voters are randomly selected for a survey, find
17) the probability that they are both Democrats. Round to the nearest thousandth.
A) 0.860
B) 0.185
C) 0.181
D) 0.430

Find the probability. Round to the nearest ten-thousandth when necessary.
16) A bag contains 6 cherry, 3 orange, and 2 lemon candies. You reach in and take 3 pieces of candy at random. What is the probability that you have at least 2 orange candies?
A) 0.3362
B) 0.5758
C) 0.4909
D) 0.1515

## Solve the problem.

17) Numbers is a game where you bet $\$ 1.00$ on any three- digit number from 000 to 999 . If your
18) $\qquad$ number comes up, you get $\$ 600.00$. Find the expected winnings.
A) - $\$ 0.40$
B) - $\$ 1.00$
C) $-\$ 0.50$
D) - $\$ 0.42$
19) If a single fair die is rolled, find the probability of a 5 given that the number rolled is odd.
20) 

A) $\frac{1}{6}$
B) $\frac{1}{3}$
C) $\frac{2}{3}$
D) $\frac{1}{2}$
19) How many three- digit numbers can be formed using the digits $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$, if repetitions of digits are allowed?
A) 900
B) 1000
C) 27
D) 899

## Find the probability.

20) Determine the probability that the spinner lands on grey.
21) 
22) $\qquad$

A) $\frac{1}{6}$
B) $\frac{2}{3}$
C) $\frac{1}{2}$
D) $\frac{1}{3}$

## Solve the problem.

21) A survey of senior citizens at a doctor's office shows that $47 \%$ take blood pressure-lowering medication, $45 \%$ take cholesterol-lowering medication, and $8 \%$ take both medications. What is the probability that a senior citizen takes either blood pressure-lowering or cholesterol-lowering medication? Round to the nearest hundredth.
A) 0.92
B) 0.10
C) 0
D) 0.84

## Answer the question.

22) The probability of rolling an even number on a die is $\frac{1}{2}$. Does this probability mean that, if you
23) $\qquad$ roll the die two times, one even number will appear? If not, what does it mean?
A) No, a probability of $\frac{1}{2}$ tells us nothing.
B) No, but if the die was rolled 10 times, 5 outcomes would be even numbers.
C) Yes.
D) No. It means that if a die were rolled many times, about $\frac{1}{2}$ of the outcomes would be even numbers.

Find the probability of the following five-card poker hands from a 52 -card deck. In poker, aces are either high or low.
23) Four of a kind (4 cards of the same value)
23) $\qquad$
A) $\frac{4}{4165}$
B) $\frac{1}{4165}$
C) $\frac{13}{49980}$
D) $\frac{1}{4080}$

Two marbles are drawn without replacement from a box with 3 white, 2 green, 2 red, and 1 blue marble. Find the probability.
24) The second marble is blue given the first marble is white.
24)
A) $\frac{1}{7}$
B) $\frac{3}{7}$
C) $\frac{3}{8}$
D) $\frac{1}{8}$

An order of award presentations has been devised for seven people: Jeff, Karen, Lyle, Maria, Norm, Olivia, and Paul.
25) In how many ways can the first award be presented to Karen and the last to Lyle?
25) $\qquad$
A) 840
B) 24
C) 360
D) 120

## Solve the problem.

26) How many ways can a president, vice- president, secretary, and treasurer be chosen from a club
27) with 8 members? Assume that no member can hold more than one office.
A) 24
B) 1680
C) 32
D) 70
28) A license plate is to consist of 2 letters followed by 4 digits. Determine the number of different $\qquad$ license plates possible if repetition of letters and numbers is permitted.
A) $6,759,976$
B) $6,760,000$
C) $3,276,000$
D) 676,000

Use a z-Table to determine the percent of data specified. Round to the nearest hundredth.
28) Greater than $z=0.59$
A) $72.24 \%$
B) $22.24 \%$
C) $27.76 \%$
D) $21.90 \%$

## Identify the sampling technique used to obtain a sample.

29) A group of people are classified according to height and then random samples of people from each
30) group are taken.
A) Convenience sampling
B) Systematic sampling
C) Random sampling
D) Stratified sampling
31) $\qquad$

## Construct a stem and leaf display for given data.

32) Mr. Johnson wants to display his employees' ages in a graph. Below are their ages.
33) 

233645
423453
342724
A)

| 2 | 232427 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 343436 |
| 4 | 4244 |
| 5 | 43 |

B)

| 2 | 347 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 46 |
| 4 | 24 |
| 5 | 3 |

C)

| 2 | 232427 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 3436 |
| 4 | 4244 |
| 5 | 43 |

D)

| 2 | 347 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 446 |

425
53

Find the standard deviation. Round to one more place than the data.
33) $251,120,282,252,211,204,135,134,145$
A) 57.4
B) 60.9
C) 24.1
D) 65.1

Find the mode or modes for the set of numbers.
34) $95,25,95,13,25,29,56,95$
A) 42.5
B) 54.1
C) 95
D) 25

Use a z -Table to find the specified area.
35) Between the mean and 1.64 deviations from the mean
A) 0.5510
B) 0.4495
C) 0.9501
D) 0.4483
36) To the right of $z=-1.82$
A) 0.4656
B) 0.9656
C) 0.0344
D) -0.0344

Rank the data from lowest to highest and determine the requested quartile.
37) The following scores on the midterm exam in a math class were recorded.
37)
35) $\qquad$
36)
$\qquad$
(
33) $\qquad$

- $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}93 & 81 & 59 & 69 & 82 & 75 & 61 & 77 & 95 & 84 \\ 88 & 71\end{array}$
859763728980609891627883
768194668396
Find the 1st quartile, $\mathrm{Q}_{1}$.
A) 70
B) 71
C) 70.5
D) 69.5


## Construct a histogram of the given frequency distribution.

38) The frequency distribution indicates the number of fish caught by each fisherman in a group of 50
39) $\qquad$

| Number of <br> Fish Caught | Number of <br> People |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 16 |
| 2 | 12 |
| 3 | 10 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 5 | 6 |
| 6 | 4 |



Find the equation of the line of best fit from the data in the table. Round the slope and the $y$-intercept to the nearest hundredth.

> 39) | x | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| y | 7 | 11 | 13 | 20 |

A) $y=2.8 x+0.15$
B) $y=3.0 x+0.15$
C) $y=3.0 x$
D) $y=2.8 x$
39) $\qquad$

Use a z -Table to determine the percent of data specified. Round to the nearest hundredth.
40) Between $\mathrm{z}=-2.36$ and $\mathrm{z}=-0.14$
A) $43.15 \%$
B) $43.52 \%$
C) $43.92 \%$
D) $43.49 \%$
40) $\qquad$

Draw a scatter diagram.
41)
41)

| x | y |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3.2 | 4.2 |
| 5.5 | 8.5 |
| 7.1 | 7.1 |
| 8.7 | 9.7 |
| 11.2 | 15.2 |


A)

B)


D)


Find the equation of the line of best fit from the data in the table. Round the slope and the $y$-intercept to the nearest hundredth.

> 42) | x | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 3.9 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 6.9 | 8.3 |

A) $y=x-8$
B) $y=0.17 x+2.11$
C) $y=0.11 x+2.49$
D) $y=0.5 x-2$

Two marbles are drawn without replacement from a box with 3 white, 2 green, 2 red, and 1 blue marble. Find the probability.
43) The second marble is red given the first marble is white.
43)
2) $\qquad$
A) $\frac{3}{32}$
B) $\frac{3}{28}$
C) $\frac{1}{4}$
D) $\frac{2}{7}$

Find the probability.
44) A child rolls a 6 - sided die 6 times. What is the probability of the child rolling exactly four fives?
44) Round to the nearest ten-thousandth.
A) 0.9688
B) 0.3125
C) 0.0080
D) 0.5360

Find the probability. Round to the nearest ten-thousandth when necessary.
45) A family has five children. The probability of having a girl is $1 / 2$. What is the probability of having
45) $\qquad$ exactly 2 girls and 3 boys?
A) 0.0312
B) 0.6252
C) 0.3125
D) 0.0625

## Find the probability.

46) A fair die is rolled. Find the probability that the number obtained is not greater than 4.
A) $\frac{1}{2}$
B) $\frac{1}{3}$
C) $\frac{5}{6}$
D) $\frac{2}{3}$

Find the mean of the set of data. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.
47) $2,4,13,2,2,1,13,1,1,4,13,4,1$
47) $\qquad$
A) 4.7
B) 5.3
C) 4.8
D) 5.7

Use a z-Table to determine the percent of data specified. Round to the nearest hundredth.
48) Less than $z=2.63$
A) $5.16 \%$
B) $99.57 \%$
C) $95.73 \%$
D) $0.43 \%$

Find the median of the set of data.
49) $40,12,8,3,27,12,26,34,40,33$
49) $\qquad$
A) 24
B) 26
C) 27
D) 26.5
50) $8,5,25,16,22,48,39,37$
50) $\qquad$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { C) } 25 & \text { D) } 22\end{array}$
A) 25.5
B) 23.5

Find the probability.
51) If a person is randomly selected, find the probability that his or her birthday is in May. Ignore leap
51) years. Assume that all days of the year are equally likely for a given birth.
A) $\frac{1}{31}$
B) $\frac{1}{365}$
C) $\frac{31}{365}$
D) $\frac{1}{12}$

## Construct a stem and leaf display for given data.

52) The numbers below represent the commute times (in minutes) for a group of college students.
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}11 & 16 & 12 & 16 & 13 & 25 & 26 & 35 & 2\end{array} 12$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}23 & 12 & 16 & 34 & 21 & 4 & 7 & 24 & 23\end{array} 34$
A)
$0 \mid 247$
112223666
2 133456
3445
C)
$0 \mid 247$
11236
213456
$3 \mid 45$
B)
$0 \mid 247$
11112121213161616
221232324252626
3 343435
D)
$0 \mid 247$
111121316
22123242526
3|3435

## Answer Key

Testname: TEST 2_REVIEW

1) Range and standard deviation.
2) There are many more swimmers at ocean beaches than at lake beaches, so it is reasonable that there are more drownings at the ocean beaches.
3) The higher average speed does not guarantee that sports cars are not as safe. They may be as safe or safer than passenger cars when both are driven at similar speeds.
4) Since the distribution has two modes it is bimodal. These two modes are probably due to the different mean weights of males and females.
5) 3. There should be no gaps between classes.
1) The statistics ignore the fact that paying taxes is compulsory.
2) There are many more adult drivers than teenage drivers, so it is reasonable that more adults have accidents.
3) $D$
4) C
5) D
6) D
7) B
8) D
9) $C$
10) B
11) $D$
12) $A$
13) B
14) B
15) D
16) $D$
17) $D$
18) B
19) A
20) D
21) B
22) B
23) C
24) D
25) C
26) B
27) D
28) B
29) C
30) B
31) B
32) B
33) B
34) C
35) B
36) A
37) C
38) D
39) C
40) C
41) D
42) A

Answer Key
Testname: TEST 2_REVIEW
48) B
49) D
50) B
51) C
52) A

